

## Climate Summary for Florida May 2011

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Online at: http://coaps.fsu.edu/climate\_center/summaries/flmonthly2011\_05.shtml

**Average temperatures continue above normal in May.** Average temperatures were slightly above normal except in the extreme northwest during May (Table 1). Numerous daily maximum and minimum temperature records were tied or broken (Appendix). A maximum at Orlando on the 11<sup>th</sup> (96° F) tied a record in existence since 1916. Daily maxima were set at Naples on four consecutive days (29<sup>th</sup>-31<sup>st</sup>) with 96° F on the 29<sup>th</sup> and 31<sup>st</sup> tying the record high for the month of May. In contrast, record daily minima were set on four consecutive days (16<sup>th</sup>-19<sup>th</sup>) at Apalachicola and on three consecutive days (16<sup>th</sup>-18<sup>th</sup>) at Pensacola. The minimum temperature of 49° F at Pensacola on the 18<sup>th</sup> broke a record in existence since 1945.

Station	Average Temperature	Departure from Normal
Pensacola	73.7	-0.9
Tallahassee	74.9	0.5
Jacksonville	73.9	0.5
Orlando	78.3	1.2
Tampa	79.2	1.6
Miami	81.5	1.9
Key West	81.9	1.2

Table 1. May average temperatures and departures from normal (°F) for selected cities.

**Rainfall totals below normal in most areas in May.** Rainfall totals for May were below normal across most of the state in May (Table 2). Monthly totals at Tallahassee (0.59 in) and Miami (2.15 in) were more than four and three inches below normal, respectively. A daily rainfall of 1.68 inches at Sarasota on the 6<sup>th</sup> broke the previous daily record of 1.24 inches recorded in 1944. This was the only daily record set in May. Areas in the extreme northwest and the extreme southeast were the most below normal during May (Figure 1). Some areas in the southwest were above normal.





Station	Total rainfall	Departure from Normal	
Pensacola	2.65	-1.75	
Tallahassee	0.59	-4.36	
Jacksonville	2.05	-1.43	
Orlando	2.10	-1.64	
Tampa	0.70	-2.15	
Miami	2.15	-3.37	
Key West	0.61	-2.87	

Table 2. May precipitation totals and departures from normal (inches) for selected cities.

**Figure 1.** A graphical depiction of the monthly rainfall departure from normal (inches) for May is given in the figure below (courtesy of NOAA, NWS).

Florida: May, 2011 Monthly Departure from Normal Precipitation Valid at 6/1/2011 1200 UTC- Created 6/3/11 21:40 UTC



La Niña continues to weaken during May. Although sea surface temperatures in the equatorial Pacific Ocean continued to warm slightly during May, they continued below normal, denoting a weak cold phase of ENSO, or La Niña. May weather conditions continued as expected during a La Niña Spring.

**Hazardous weather.** Isolated events of large hail and trees and/or power lines downed by thunderstorm winds were observed on several days during May. However, the 14<sup>th</sup> was a very active day. Early in the morning trees and power lines were downed near Tallahassee, Lloyd, and Dills in the north. Later in the day trees were downed at numerous locations across north-central and central parts of the state. One person was injured when a tree was blown onto a mobile home near Oceanway in Duval County. Thunderstorm wind gusts included 76 mph at MacDill Air Force Base, 72 mph at Indian Rocks Beach, 70 mph at Pinellas Park, and 61 mph at Ft. Lauderdale. A roof was blown off a building in Temple Terrace. One-inch-diameter hail was observed at Middleburg, Sebring, and Fargo. Later in the month, hail up to the size of a golf ball

(1.75 inch diameter) was observed near Jacksonville, Green Cove Springs, and Jacksonville International Airport on the 27th.

**Agricultural and other impacts.** Extreme drought conditions persisted in the southeast and northwest during May. Harvesting of vegetables in the south was nearly completed despite the dryness. Some young cotton and potatoes suffered damage from the dryness. Lack of soil moisture delayed planting of cotton in other areas of the north. Cool temperatures and dry conditions caused poor pasture conditions early in the month. By the end of the month most pasture was fair as moderate temperatures aided cool season forage growth. Above normal supplemental feed has been required to offset the overall dryness. Water restrictions remained in place for both agricultural and general use in the southeast.

	Date	Station	Туре	Value	<b>Broken/Tied</b>	Last
	2	Naples	Max	93	Broken	92 in 1994
	7	Apalachicola	Min	53	Broken	54 in 2005
	7	Jacksonville	Min	49	Tied	49 in 1992
	9	Gainesville	Max	95	Tied	95 in 1962
	10	Jacksonville	Max	93	Tied	93 in 2009
	10	Gainesville	Max	95	Tied	95 in 1962
	10	St. Petersburg	Max	92	Tied	92 in 2009
	11	Daytona Beach	Max	95	Tied	95 in 2009
	11	Orlando	Max	96	Tied	96 in 1916
	11	Melbourne	Max	96	Broken	95 in 2008
	11	Vero Beach	Max	96	Broken	94 in 2006
	11	West Palm Beach	Max	95	Broken	94 in 2008
	12	Naples	Max	93	Broken	92 in 1990
	12	Lakeland	Max	95	Tied	95 in 1994
	12	Ft. Myers	Max	94	Broken	92 in 2002
	12	Gainesville	Max	98	Broken	97 in 1955
	12	Tallahassee	Max	98	Broken	96 in 1967
	16	Pensacola	Min	54	Tied	54 in 1967
	16	Apalachicola	Min	51	Broken	56 in 2006
	16	Jacksonville	Min	52	Tied	52 in 1981
	17	Pensacola	Min	51	Broken	55 in 1981
	17	Apalachicola	Min	51	Broken	54 in 2006
	18	Pensacola	Min	49	Broken	51 in 1945
	18	Apalachicola	Min	48	Broken	55 in 2006
	18	Jacksonville	Min	46	Broken	48 in 1984
	18	Melbourne	Min	55	Tied	55 in 1973
	18	Vero Beach	Min	55	Tied	55 in 1973
	19	Apalachicola	Min	51	Broken	55 in 2002
	24	Tampa	Max	95	Tied	95 in 1975
	25	Gainesville	Max	98	Tied	98 in 1956
	26	Ft. Myers	Max	96	Tied	96 in 1997
	29	Sarasota	Max	95	Tied	95 in 2006
	29	Naples	Max	96	Broken	94 in 2008
	30	Naples	Max	95	Broken	94 in 1989
	31	Naples	Max	96	Broken	94 in 1989
	31	Sarasota	Max	<sup>3</sup> 94	Tied	94 in 2000

**Appendix.** Daily maximum and minimum temperature records (<sup>o</sup> F) tied or broken during May (compiled from NOAA, NWS).