

Climate Summary for Florida – April 2015

Prepared by Melissa Griffin and David Zierden Florida Climate Center, The Florida State University, Tallahassee, Florida Online at: <u>http://climatecenter.fsu.edu/products-services/summaries</u>

Average temperatures were well above normal across the state in April. Average temperatures in April 2015 were well above normal across the entire state, with departures ranging from 3.6° F in Fort Lauderdale to 7.8° F in Tallahassee (Table 1 and Appendix 1). No stations reported a minimum temperature below freezing (32° F) during April and only a handful had one day with a minimum temperature at or below 40° F for the month. Many locations across the state reported at least one day with a maximum temperature at or above 90° F, and the station at Royal Palm, FL reported a temperature of 100° F on the 26th. April 2015 was warmest on record for Fort Myers, Miami, Tallahassee and Tampa; the 2^{nd} warmest in Key West and West Palm Beach; and the 5^{th} warmest in Gainesville. At the time of this report, it was not yet determined if April 2015 was the warmest on record for the entire state. Multiple temperature records were tied or broken across the state in April (Appendix 2).

Station Average Temperature		Departure from Normal
Pensacola	71.4	4.8
Tallahassee	73.9	7.8
Jacksonville	72.2	5.2
Orlando	77.6	6.4
Tampa	78.0	6.0
Miami	80.4	4.6
Key West	80.4	4.0

Table 1. April average temperatures and departures from normal (°F) for selected cities.

Rainfall totals were above normal across the state in April. With the exception of some areas along the West Coast, the entire state had rainfall totals above normal (Figure 1). Departures from normal roughly ranged from -0.45" to 5.66" (Table 2 and Appendix 1), though localized parts of the state saw rainfall totals that were as much as 2.00" below normal to 8.00" above normal (Figure 1). April 2015 was the 5th wettest on record at Key West, the 7th wettest in Orlando, and the 10th wettest for both Pensacola and Vero Beach. There were multiple 24-hour precipitation records broken for the month (Table 3).

Table 2. April precipitation totals and departures from normal (inches) for selected cities.

Station	Total Rainfall	Departure from Normal
Pensacola	9.98	5.66
Tallahassee	4.27	1.21
Jacksonville	2.67	0.03
Orlando	4.21	1.53
Tampa	4.82	2.79
Miami	4.03	0.89
Key West	6.60	4.55





Date	Location	Record	Last
10	Whiting Field	2.45	1.56 in 1959
12	Kissimmee	2.95	1.80 in 1992
13	Chipley	5.80	3.53 in 1994
14	La Belle	2.95	0.82 in 1943
14	Lisbon	1.86	0.38 in 1980
14	Sanford	1.30	0.30 in 2000
14	Kissimmee	1.86	1.06 in 1980
17	Woodruff Dam	2.39	0.11 in 1967
19	Whiting Field	2.87	1.25 in 1998
19	Pensacola	2.06	0.92 in 1998
21	West Palm Beach	1.71	0.81 in 1959
22	Perrine	2.20	1.20 in 1959
28	Vero Beach	2.34	1.51 in 1968

Table 3. Select daily rainfall records (inches) broken during April. (Compiled from NOAA, NWS)

Figure 1. A graphical depiction of the monthly rainfall departure from normal (inches) for April is given in the figure below (courtesy of NOAA, NWS).

Florida: April, 2015 Monthly Departure from Normal Precipitation Valid at 5/1/2015 1200 UTC- Created 5/1/15 13:58 UTC



ENSO-Neutral Conditions Continue in the Pacific.

Based on current data and forecast models, the Climate Prediction Center (CPC) decided to continue the El Niño Advisory. Positive sea surface temperatures (SST) anomalies have been recorded across most of the Pacific Ocean. There is approximately a 70% chance that El Niño conditions will continue through the Summer 2015 and these conditions could persist into the fall. CPC predicts above normal temperatures and precipitation across the state through July 2015.

Hazardous Weather Events in April.

There were a total of 265 severe weather reports made in Florida during April. On the 11th, a series of thunderstorms produced 45 mph wind gusts and heavy rain in and around the Orlando and Titusville areas. Heavy rain on the 12th caused problems in portions of the Panhandle. Reports of flooded roadways came in from Alford, Chipley, Cottondale, and Marianna. When the event ended in the early morning hours of the 13th, some locations in Jackson and Washington counties had received over 10.00" of rainfall. Later in the afternoon of the 13th, thunderstorms produced heavy rain and high winds, causing storm damage in Bunnell and Lake City, FL. In Macclenny, FL (Baker County), two people were injured due to a lightning strike; the same lightning strike started a structural fire. Lightning caused another structural fire on the 14th in Gulf Breeze, FL. On the 17th, multiple reports were made of waterspouts off the coast near Pompano Beach. A strong line of thunderstorms moved through the Panhandle on the 19th, causing storm damage, heavy rain, high winds and even a couple of tornadoes over the duration of the event. A short-lived EF-0 tornado moved through a rural area near Bruce, FL (Walton County); damage was confined to trees and a few power lines. The National Weather Service confirmed two EF-1 tornadoes, with wind speeds of 105 mph, near Ellaville, FL (Jackson County) and Tallahassee, FL after the survey of tree and structural damage was completed. As the line of storms continued to push across the Panhandle, storm damage reports came in from North Florida (Perry, Lake City, Gainesville, and Jacksonville) and Central Florida (Tampa, Orlando, Titusville, Cocoa Beach), where high winds (up to 60 mph) were recorded. On the morning of the 20th, over forty reports of storm damage (power outages and downed trees) were received from around the Tallahassee area as a line of storms moved through the city. As the line of thunderstorms pushed through the rest of the state, reports of hail (1.50" in diameter), storm damage and high winds (up to 60 mph) were reported in Bartow, Branford, Jacksonville, Jensen Beach, and Miami. Funnel clouds were seen over Boynton Beach and Miami Springs, and an EF-1 (winds 70-90 mph) tornado was confirmed southwest of Ocala. There were multiple reports of a waterspout that spawned over Lake Okeechobee and came ashore near Belle Glade, FL on the 23rd. April 25th was another active severe weather day across the northern part of state, as reports of hail, storm damage, heavy rain and strong winds were received from the Panhandle. An EF-1 tornado was confirmed in Arlington, FL (Duval County) with maximum winds speeds over 100 mph that caused damage to power lines and structures. Severe thunderstorms pushed through the southern Peninsula produced hail in locations on the north shore of Lake Okeechobee, along with areas around Stuart and Miami. At the end of the month, many reports of high winds were received from locations along the Keys.

Table 4. Breakdown of storm reports submitted in Florida during the month of April. (Compiled from Southeast Regional Climate

Center)

Report Type	Number of Reports
Heavy Rain and Flooding	21
High Winds	78
Storm Damage	99
Hail	36
Thunderstorm/Lightning	4
Tornadoes/Funnel Clouds/Waterspouts	27
Coastal Hazards	0
Dense Fog	0
Fire	0

Drought Related Impacts.

At the end of March, nearly 24% of the state was experiencing abnormally dry (D0) conditions, with the main concentration of the dryness located in the western Panhandle and southern Florida. The lack of rainfall at the beginning of April led to the expansion of dry conditions (D0) into more of the Panhandle and Big Bend (Gadsden, Leon and Liberty counties), as well as South Florida (Collier, Glades, Hendry, Martin and Palm Beach counties). By the April 14th release of the Drought Monitor, localized heavy rains had eased dry conditions in the Panhandle with the removal of all moderate drought (D1) conditions, and even some D0 in Jackson, Walton and Washington counties. Around mid-month, additional rainfall in the Panhandle caused the complete removal of the remaining D0 conditions. However, the lack of rain in the southern part of the state caused the further expansion of D1 throughout the Everglades drainage basin. The area of severe drought (D2) conditions increased in size from roughly 1% of the state to 5%, to cover Collier, Dade, and Monroe counties. Based on data from the Drought Monitor, roughly 4.5 million Florida citizens are currently being impacted by drought conditions that are being reported in nearly 10% of the state. At the end of the month, the water level in Lake Okeechobee had dropped to under 14 ft., mainly due to regulatory releases.

U.S. Drought Monitor Florida

April 28, 2015

(Released Thursday, Apr. 30, 2015) Valid 7 a.m. EST



	Drought Conditions (Percent Area)					
	None D0-D4 D1-D4 D2-D4 D3-D4					
Current	90.49	9.51	5.14	0.00	0.00	0.00
Last Week 421/2015	85.48	14.52	8.91	5.03	0.00	0.00
3 Month s Ago 1/27/2015	85.79	14.21	0.63	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Calendar Year 12302014	94.33	5.67	0.99	0.00	0.00	0.00
Start of Water Year 930/2014	77.22	22.78	6.61	0.00	0.00	0.00
One Year Ago 429/2014	100.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00	0.00

Intensity:

D0 Abnomn ally Dry D1 Moderate Drought D3ExtremeDrought D4ExceptionalDrought

D2 Severe Drought

The Drought Monitor focuses on broad-scale conditions. Local conditions may vary. See accompanying text summary for forecast statements.

Author:

Anthony Artusa NOAA/NWS/NCEP/CPC



http://droughtmonitor.unl.edu/

Appendix 1 Additional April Departures from Normal Data for Florida Locations

Station	Total rainfall (in.)	Departure from	Average	Departure from
		Normal (in.)	Temperature (°F)	Normal (°F)
Gainesville	3.22	0.55	72.9	5.3
Melbourne	3.74	1.61	77.1	6.7
St Petersburg	1.82	-0.45	78.6	5.7
Fort Lauderdale	4.12	1.23	79.8	3.6
Fort Myers	2.00	-0.18	78.8	5.0

Date	Station	Type	Value	Broken /Tied	Last
5	Fort Myers	Max	90	Tied	90 in 1946
8	Tallahassee	Max	91	Broken	91 on 1967
9	Jacksonville	High Min	73	Broken	70 in 1948
10	Jacksonville	High Min	73	Broken	68 in 2011
10	Vero Beach	High Min	72	Broken	72 in 1953
10	Fort Louderdale	High Min	74	Broken	72 in 1955
11	Moore Haven Lock	Max	06	Broken	73 in 1993
12	Applachicolo	High Min	90 76	Dioken	71 in 1048
13	Apalacilicola	High Min	70	Droken	71 III 1948
13	West Dolm Deach	High Min	75	Droken	72 III 2009
13	west Palm Beach	High Min	77	Broken	70 in 1984
14	Apalachicola	High Min	/6	Broken	/1 in 19/2
15	Jacksonville	High Min	/3	Broken	/0 in 194/
15	Apalachicola	Max	86	Broken	83 in 1936
15	Apalachicola	High Min	72	Tied	72 in 1991
15	Daytona Beach	High Min	70	Tied	70 in 1994
15	Orlando	High Min	71	Broken	70 in 1994
15	Melbourne	High Min	73	Broken	71 in 1994
15	Fort Lauderdale	High Min	78	Broken	76 in 1974
16	Daytona Beach	High Min	69	Tied	69 in 2011
17	Daytona Beach	High Min	69	Tied	69 in 1945
18	Apalachicola	High Min	76	Broken	71 in 2013
18	West Palm Beach	Max	93	Broken	91 in 1967
18	Melbourne	Max	91	Broken	90 in 1969
18	Vero Beach	Max	92	Broken	90 in 1988
19	Madison	High Min	70	Broken	66 in 1991
19	Canal Point	High Min	74	Broken	70 in 1982
19	Fort Lauderdale	Max	93	Broken	90 in 1972
19	Melbourne	Max	93	Broken	90 in 1975
20	Immokalee	High Min	72	Broken	68 in 2013
20	Miami	Max	92	Broken	91 in 1908
20	Miami	High Min	78	Tied	78 in 1912
20	Fort Lauderdale	High Min	78	Broken	76 in 2011
20	Naples	High Min	76	Broken	73 in 1944
22	Immokalee	High Min	72	Broken	68 in 2013
25	Apalachicola	Max	87	Broken	86 in 2006
26	Daytona Beach	High Min	74	Broken	72 in 2011
26	Orlando	High Min	76	Broken	73 in 1908
26	Melbourne	High Min	74	Broken	73 in 1957
26	Vero Beach	Max	95	Tied	95 in 1945
26	Miami	Max	96	Broken	93 in 1988
26	Fort Lauderdale	Max	96	Broken	94 in 1988
26	West Palm Beach	Max	96	Broken	93 in 2011
26	Key West	Max	90	Tied	90 in 1991
27	Naples	High Min	79	Broken	77 in 1988
27	Key West	High Min	81	Broken	80 in 1991

Appendix 2 Select daily maximum and minimum temperature records (° F) tied or broken during April. (Compiled from NOAA, NWS)